The Massillon Independent.

ISSUED SEMI-WEEKLY. MASSILLON, OHIO, MONDAY, NOVEMBER 6, 1905 XLIII—NO. 33

SOCIAL EVENTS OF THE WINTER

Successful Halloween Party at the Hospital.

THE END OF THE FISCAL YEAR.

Reports from Every Department Will Close on November 15—The Trustees Will Meet Soon After—Reports Sent to the State.

William McKinley hall at the state hospital was crowded for the Halloween entertainment, many from the city being present. The hospital orchestra opened the evening's entertainment with an overture. Mrs. Bawson followed with a vocal solo. Other numbers consisted of phonograph selections by W. S. Scott, vocal solo by J Bailey, cornet solo by M. White, vocal solo by J. M. Usher and selections by the mandolin club. The entertainment was one of the winter series and others will be given from time to time. The winter series of card parties have not been commenced, but the custom of past years will be kept up and "at homes" will be held once a week. The weekly dance is held Friday evenings. There will probably be one or two theatrical plays during the winter, all of which will be given by persons connected with the hospital.

Within a few weeks the accommodations at the hospital will be increased to care for seventy more patients through the completion of a new cottage, which has been under construction nearly two years. The interior is being finished and after this work has been completed two or three weeks will be required to place the furniture and permanent fixtures. No more cottages are now authorized, but the trustees will more than likely bring the matter of additional cottages to the attention of the next general assembly. As yet all of the cottages contemplated in the original plans of the Massillon hospital have not been constructed. The new one is known as No. 5, and three more are to be erected along the southern tier if the original plans are to be carried out. The matter of appropriations for the hospital is being considered by the trustees, as this will be decided also by the next general assembly. The appropriation made by the last general assembly will not all be used up by the end of the fiscal year and the Massillon hospital will be one of the few in the state that will make a return to the state treasury.

Superintendent Eyman has returned from a business trip to Columbus. While there he visited state officials and discussed matters pertaining to the hospital work here.

All of the official force is busy making up annual reports, which will cover all details to November 15. Some of the clerical force has been working on the reports three weeks. The trustees will meet soon after November 15 and the hospital heads of departments want their reports ready at that time. These reports are sent to state officers at Columbus.

TIRED OF HIS JOB.

A "Real" Wild Man Loses His Horns and Tusks.

Springfield, Ill., Nov. 4.—A real wild man, with horns and huge tusks, was discovered here yesterday. He is George Brown, a big negro, hailing from Georgia, who applied to Dr. Walter Ryan to have the silver plate which held the horns in place removed from his head.

For more than a year and six months the negro has been carrying the plate about on his head, concealed beneath the scalp, but recently it began to slip out of place, causing considerable discomfort.

He said that the plate had been inserted under his scalp for the purpose of fastening two horns upon it. At the same time two of his front teeth had been sawed off and supplied with gold crowns upon which could be screwed down two formidable looking tusks, and when this had been accomplished he went on the road with a show posing as a "wild man."

He declared that in this fashion he had traveled all over the state of Georgia, attracting wondering multitudes of people who came to gaze on the "wild" man, captured in the recesses of Africa. As the negro said that the plate had been hurting him for some time, Dr. Ryan took the man to St. John's hospital, where he removed it.

STUDENTS TIED TO TRACKS.

Results of Coroner's Investigation at Gambier.

Mt. Vernon, O., Nov. 4.—As a result of the investigation into the death of Stuart Pierson at Gambier yesterday Prosecuting Attorney Stillwell thinks he has established this important fact: That students have been tied on the railroad track in Gambier many times before.

One witness, Paul Barber, of this city, testified that he lay blindfolded upon this same railroad bridge less than an hour before young Pierson was killed. Barber was being initiated into the Zeta Alpha fraternty.

After summing up all the testimony offered during the day, Prosecuting Attorney Stillwell stated that he is positive that Stuart Pierson was lying between the ties on the railroad bridge Saturday night, face down, but for the present will not say that he was tied. He says that some sensational information will be given out at the conclusion of the coroner's inquest. He scouts the idea that Pierson fell asleep on the track and was killed.

The microscope has been called into use in this case and at the instance of the prosecutor an examination of Pierson's clothing was made yesterday. The prosecutor states that he found threads clinging to the clothing which very much resembled threads pulled from a clothesline.

Newbold L. Pierson, of College Hill, Cincinnati, father of the dead student, took the witness stand about 4 o'clock and it was after 6 when he was allowed to go. He was given a most rigid examination and was compelled to describe the custom which fraternities use when initiating candidates. He testified that his son left the college alone and that he was positive that he was not tied on the track.

He said that the members of the D. K. E. fraternity remained at the college almost half an hour after the boy had been sent to the bridge before they went after him and for that reason he knew that his son was not tied. He took all the blame for shipping the body to Cincinnati by special train without first notfying the coroner. His testimony brought out no sensational facts concerning the case.

President William F. Pierce, of Kenyon college, was on the witness stand all morning. He said he had investigated the death of Stuart Pierson, and had obtained the story of the accident from the college students. Mr. Pierce knew nothing of the accident himself.

At the afternoon session the members of the D. K. E. fraternity who were in Gambier Saturday night and who had charge of Pierson's initiation, were examined. They were Fred Tscham, A. E. York, E. E. Taylor and Samuel Cureton. Tscham and York testified that they found the body on the railroad bridge. They further stated that Pierson had been ordered to go to the railroad bridge alone and that he was not led there by anyone. They said they went after the young boy about a half hour afterward and found his mangled body on the bridge.

Ten students have been served with a subpoena to testify at the inquest today, and it is quite probable that Mr. Pierson, of Cincinnati, will again be put on the stand.

TOO MANY VISITORS.

Next Fox Hunt at Zoar May be Private Affair.

Zoar, O., Nov. 4.—On account of the threatening weather and because of the large crowd of visitors which was present at the Zoar fox chase Friday afternoon, the regular programme which had been arranged was changed. The three foxes which were captured Thursday were not released. President Snyder, of the hunting association, declared that the multitude of people would greatly damage property in following the animals. A regular chase was conducted near the village instead, which was witnessed by visitors.

No arrangements have been made for the hunt next season. It is not known whether the meeting will be held at Zoar or not. The officers of the association declare that the attendance of visitors at Zoar has greatly interfered with their sport, making it impossible for the hunters and hounds to properly do their part in the sport. It is likely that the next meeting will be a private affair and open only to members of the club.

IMPORTANT DECISION.

Catholic Rectories are Subject to Taxation.

Columbus, Nov. 4.—(By Associated Press.)—The Franklin county circuit court today handed down a decision that the residences of priests, bishops and other Catholic officials are taxable. The decision disposes of a petition filed by the late Bishop Watterson against the county auditor. The case will be taken to the supreme court.

THE NEWS BY WIRE.

Free Pardon to Russian Political Offenders.

TROOPS ARE SENT TO FINLAND.

Rioters Have Quieted Down in St. Petersburg and Warsaw—Chairman Dick Says Poll of the State Gives Herrick a Plurality of Eighty Thousand.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 4.—(By Associated Press.)—The text of the imperial manifesto granting amnesty to political prisoners declares that a free pardon is granted to political criminals of various enumerated categories, also to participants in strikes and those breaking contracts. The decree includes those guilty of offenses committed up to October 30.

Odessa, Nov. 4.—(By Associated Press.)—Pillaging here has been largely stopped through the help of troops and local student militia. The streets are still unsafe for ordinary traffic.

London, Nov. 4.—(By Associated Press.)—The afternoon edition of the Times publishes a St. Petersburg dispatch stating that Finland has won her freedom, the manifesto granting all demands of popular delegates by the governor general having been prepared for imperial signature. The presence of warships is intended to signify that the emperor means to prevent a severance of the grand duchy from the empire, although granting constitutional freedom.

A NEW TREATY.

German Ambassador Calls on Secretary of State.

Washington, Nov. 4.—(By Associated Press.)—Baron Speck Von Sternburg, the German ambassador, called at the state department today and formally initiated negotiations for a new trade treaty between the United States and Germany, submitting a proposition of his own Government. Secretary Root has taken the matter under consideration.

RIOTERS QUIETING DOWN.

Disorders Confined to Odessa and Riga.

Paris, Nov. 4.—(By Associated Press.)—Foreign office reports received here show that Riga and Odessa are now the centers of disorder, and that St. Petersburg and Moscow are quiet. Finland has practically established an autonomous form of government, without the Russian government adopting repressive measures.

FINLANDERS UNEASY.

Russian Troops are Landed at Helsingfors.

Copenhagen, Nov. 4.—(By Associated Press.)—The foreign office has received a telegram from the Danish consul at Helsingfors, Finland, announcing that a large force of Russian troops has been landed and distributed throughout the city. The strike continues and the situation is critical.

EIGHTY THOUSAND.

Chairman Dick Gives Result of the Poll of the State.

Columbus, Nov. 4.—(By Associated Press.)—Republican Chairman Dick today issued a statement that the poll of the state indicates Herrick's election by over eighty thousand plurality.

FRANK HOOVER KILLED.

A Rock Fell On Him in a Canal Fulton Mine.

Canal Fulton, Nov. 3.—(Special)—Frank Hoover, aged 32 years, was instantly killed by a fall of rock in a mine owned by Harry Simmons on the Joseph Milier farm, near this place, at 9 o'clock Friday morning. The dead man is survived by his wife. They had no children.

In company with two other miners Hoover was at work in the mine Friday morning drawing pillars. A rumbling noise was heard overhead and the three men hastily left. After a few moments the noise ceased and Hoover said he was going back. His companions tried to detain him, knowing the danger was not over. Hoover had hardly been in the mine a minute before an immense piece of rock fell and he was buried beneath it. The funeral will probably not occur until Monday.

Darkness Cut Tigers' Chances

Attempt to Tally 100 Points Failed By Two Touchdowns.

CLEVELAND DOWNED 88-0.

Visitors Were Outweighed, Outplayed and Never Had a Chance—Only Nine Minutes of the Second Half Played—Some Brilliant Work of the Backs—Tigers Showed True Foot Ball Form.

Eighty-eight to nothing in thirty-four minutes tells of the great work of the Tiger foot ball team Saturday afternoon against the Broadway Athletic Club, of Cleveland, a team reputed to be one of the best in Ohio, and certainly the best in Cleveland. Halves of twenty-five and nine minutes were played and at the end of the first half the score stood 65 to 0, the second half being called on account of darkness, just as the Tigers were warmed up thoroughly to run up a tremendous score. As a matter of fact, there never was a doubt in the minds of anybody as to the respective abilities of the two teams, after the visitors warmed up. They were outweighed, but not so badly as to warrant the belief that any such score as tallies could result. The game showed conclusively that the Tigers have improved wonderfully in the last week, and but for the call of time, Canton's high score would have been wholly eclipsed. The Tigers showed true physical condition. They ran ends like fiends, plowed through the line for gains of from five to fifty yards and only once, when a fumble resulted, did they fail to make five yards on every play. Quarterback runs, end runs, line plunges and, in fact, every style of play which the home team tried were carried through successfully, and that, too, with a crippled team.

Kerchoffe, Botoner, Hayden and Coach Stewart were not in the game. Ted Nesser filled Botoner's guard position, McChesney was in Nesser's tackle position, Moran played quarterback, J. Nesser fullback and the line was otherwise changed.

The visitors had no expectation of winning, but believed they would be able to hold the score lower than they did at Shelby, 44-0. The Tigers surprised the visitors by just doubling the Shelby score, made three weeks ago.

Captain Wittmann won the toss and chose to defend the south goal, the Clevelanders kicking off. It took the Tigers just three minutes to take the ball over for the first touchdown. After that they came with great regularity and at no time did it require more than two minutes and thirty seconds to score. Moran played brilliantly in spots, and twice broke through for long runs and touchdowns. One of these resulted from a blocked play and a fumble, the quarterback picking the ball off the ground, dodging around the opposite end from the direction of the original play and running fifty-five yards for a touchdown.

Schrontz played a great game at left end, his tackling and dodging runs being the real feature of the play, although Riley, Jack Nesser and Mathews made some sensational runs.

The game was clean and free from roughness. In fact the Tigers treated the visitors with every consideration, of which they were deserving owing to their plucky fight against such odds. As a matter of fact the visitors displayed great nerve and fighting spirit all through the game. More than once a Massillon back, end or tackle would break clear of the line and defensive players, only to be brought down by a hard tackle from the backfield men.

Only once did the visitors receive the kick, preferring to kick to the locals in an effort to hold the score down. The three or four times when Cleveland did have the ball they were forced to get rid of it by punting after being thrown back for losses on all plays attempted.

Captain Wittmann made a great run around left end for a touchdown in the second half after having relieved Merriam. At another time he got around for forty yard run but was called back owing to holding by Massillon backs.

In the second half J. Nesser injured his ankle and Bast went to the quarterback position and Moran to fullback. With this formation the backfield worked just as hard as ever and were piling up the score in surprisingly quick order when time was called.

Before the game it was anounced by Coach Stewart that the Tigers would go out after a high score, in spite of the fact that the visitors were far from being a weak team. This was for the benefit of a few fans who have been somewhat disappointed because Massillon has not rolled up a score above one hundred this season. As a matter of fact, this is explained when the caliber of the teams played this season is compared to that of the visiting teams of last season.

Two hundred and thirty-seven points have been scored this season in five games, an average of 45 2-5 per game. This is much better than the average for the first five games played against lighter teams last season and indicates the comparative strength of the 1904 and 1905 Tigers teams.

At no time has the goal line of the local team been in danger and in spite of the few locals who have expressed themselves against the ability of several players on the team, the Tigers have gone right along piling up scores and perfecting team work which will humiliate Toledo, Carlisle Indians and Canton before the season is over. Shelby, Ohio Medical University, Norwalk, Lorain and the Cleveland team have all been beaten, and decisively, and beginning Thursday of next week with the game against Toledo the Tigers will begin to demonstrate their real strength. Lineup and summary:

Tigers.		Broadway A. C.
Schrontz	L E	E. Ichenlaub
McNulty	L T	W. Reed
McFarland	L G	Leiber
Shiring	C	Kerby
T. Nesser	R G	Mohan
McChesney	R T	Rosson
Merriam-Wittmann	R E	Smith
Moran-Bast	Q B	Burgess
Riley	L H	Collins
Matthews	R H	T. Kemble
J. Nesser-Moran	F B	F. Smith

Referee—Morris.
Head Lineman—Baltzly.
Timekeeper—Coleman.
Time of halves—25 and 9 minutes.
Touchdowns—J. Nesser 1, McChesney 3, Riley 4, Matthews 2, Moran 3, McFarland 1, Wittmann 1, Schrontz 1.

MASSILLON 6, DOVER 0.

As a preliminary to the Tiger game, Massillon High School won from the Dover High School, the score being 6 to 0. The game was a very close one and the hardest Massillon has had this season. Two twenty five minute halves were played. The entire Massillon team put up a great game and the line held in great shape. Merwin's punts were all of the first class and Dover never realized any gain upon them. Kline and Jones at the ends got into the game and broke up Dover's interference repeatedly. Miller, Burkhart and Thompson made great gains and cut up the line. Massillon kicked off to Dover, Burkhart making a nice tackle. Dover was forced to punt and held Massillon, fumbling directly afterwards. Burkhart circled the end for twenty-five yards but the ball was lost on downs. Diefenbacher, for Dover, made twenty-five yards on a trick play but fumbled. The ball was thus kept in the center of the field until the end of the first half, neither team scoring. Dover then kicked south to Massillon, Scott bringing the ball to the forty yard line. Merwin went around end for twenty yards; Thompson made fifteen. Dover was forced to punt, and after line bucks Burkhart carried the ball around end thirty yards, following it by fifteen yards for a touchdown. Merwin kicked goal.

Massillon kicked to Dover, who was not dangerous in the second half. It took the hardest kind of work during the remainder of the game but no touchdown resulted. For the spectators the game was more exciting than the Tiger game. The Dover team held the heavy New Philadelphia high school team to a 0 to 0 score. They were slightly outweighed by the Massillon boys. Lineup and summary:

Massillon High—6		Dover High—0
Kline	LE	E Schawaker
Riegenschuh	LT	Steitz
Beatty	LG	Kline
Klotz	C	M. Schawaker
Grinnell	RG	Klarr
Scott	RT	Allman
Jones	RE	Lund
Merwin (c)	QB	Diefenbacher
Thompson	LHB	Richardson (c)
Burkhart	RHB	Waldron
Miller	FB	Peters

Minehart, referee.
Coleman, timekeeper.
J. Long, head linesman.
Time—Two 25 minute halves.

CANTON 66, BENWOOD 0.

Canton, Nov. 4.—(Special)—Canton defeated the Benwood, W. Va., team here Saturday afternoon 66-0. Benwood was greatly outweighed.

COUNTY SEAT NEWS

Canton, Nov. 4.—Theodore Klinker, who has been employed for a number of years as night watchman at the Federal building in order to keep others from robbing Uncle Sam, was arrested at an early hour Saturday morning on a charge of opening letters containing money and converting the contents to his own use. Inspector Owen caused his arrest after he was detected in the act, a decoy letter having been pocketed by him. The letters that he has been taking, according to his own admissions, are those sent in by the "chainless letter" scheme for the benefit of the McKinley Memorial Association. He freely admitted to Captain Patterson and Patrolman Smiley, who took him to jail, that he had opened these letters from time to time, but that he did not think the amount taken would be over $10. The letters contained dimes. He will be taken to Cleveland as soon as he has had a hearing before the United States commissioners. Klinker has been suspected for some time.

An enterprising automobilist commenced the operation of the North Market Rapid Transit Company Saturday morning, carrying passengers to the end of the city limits in that direction for a ten cent fare. He has a fine outfit and makes trips every twenty minutes.

William B. Perkins, employed in the water works office, was overtaken with sudden illness Saturday morning and fell to the floor, injuring his forehead in a terrible manner. He was taken to his room and is still in a precarious condition.

Hundreds of lives saved every year by having Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil in the house just when it is needed. Cures croup, heals burns, cuts, wounds of every sort.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

THE INDEPENDENT.

THE INDEPENDENT COMPANY,
INDEPENDENT BUILDING,
37 North Erie Street, - MASSILLON, O.

Weekly Founded in 1863.
Daily Founded in 1887.
Semi-Weekly Founded in 1896.

Long Distance Telephone.
Both Telephones No. 68.

MEMBER ASSOCIATED PRESS.

Entered at Massillon postoffice as second-class matter.

THE INDEPENDENT is on sale at the following news stands: Bahney's Book Store, Hankins' News Depot, Hansen's Cigar Store, Bammerlin's Cigar Store, Neininger's Pool Room, and Levi's Candy and Tobacco Stand.

MONDAY, NOVEMBER, 6 1905

REPUBLICAN TICKETS.

For Governor,
MYRON T. HERRICK,
of Cleveland.

For Lieutenant Governor,
ANDREW L. HARRIS,
of Eaton.

For Judge of the Supreme Court,
WILLIAM C. DAVIS,
of Marion.

For Attorney General,
WADE H. ELLIS,
of Cincinnati.

For State Treasurer,
W. S. McKINNON,
of Ashtabula.

For Member of Board of Public Works,
WILLIAM KIRTLEY,
of Defiance.

For Common Pleas Judge,
(Ninth Judicial District)
RALPH S. AMBLER.

For State Senator,
ROBERT A. POLLOCK.

For State Representatives,
FRANK A. HOILES,
JAMES A. WELKER.

COUNTY TICKET.

For Probate Judge,
CHARLES C. BOW.

For Prosecuting Attorney
CHARLES C. UPHAM.

For Treasurer,
HARRY C. KNOBLOCH.

For Sheriff,
R. FRANK WILSON.

For Commissioner,
JAMES C. BURNHEIMER.

For Coroner,
DR. HARRY A. MARCH.

For Infirmary Director
ISAAC H. SMITH

TOWNSHIP TICKET.

Trustee.
LABAN L. REESE.

Treasurer.
R. B. CRAWFORD, JR.

Constable,
JOHN A. GRAHAM.

Assessors,
Massillon Pre.—PHILIP KRISHER.
Richville Pre.—ELI SHETLER.

CITY TICKET.

Mayor,
ED. J. STEWART.

Solicitor,
GEORGE W. KRATSCH.

Treasurer,
MARTIN BRENNER.

Board of Public Service,
HENRY SHRIVER.
J. W. FOLTZ.
CHARLES C. EVANS.

For President of Council,
C. C. MILLER.

Councilmen At Large,
CLARENCE V. HOWALD,
CHARLES BROWNEWELL.

Members of Council,
2nd Ward—M. B. SCHULTZ
4th Ward—FRANK J. RYDER.

Assessors,
1st Ward—CHARLES H. WISEMAN.
2nd Ward—J. C. SPIDLE.
3rd Ward—ED. RICHARDS.

Philip Krisher and Eli Shetler want to be assessors for the Massillon and Richville precincts respectively. They are good men and they should be elected.

Laban Reese, candidate for the office of township trustee on the Republican ticket, is a well known resident of the west side and a trusted employe of the Russell & Company. He should be elected on his own merits, aside from the fact that he is a good Republican.

R. W. Crawford, jr., should have hearty support in his campaign for the office of township treasurer. Four years ago when he ran for the same office Mr. Crawford was defeated by the present Democratic candidate, Daniel Bischoff, by only seventeen votes. There should be no difficulty this year, therefore, in securing for him a handsome majority. He is a prominent young business man and has been to the front in party activities for several years past. Vote for R. B. Crawford, jr.

A NEW ELEMENT APPEARS.

The Salvation Army Enters the Campaign in Ohio.

Columbus, Nov. 4.—The Salvation Army has enlisted in the gubernatorial campaign in this state and will fight for Herrick. A letter has been sent from national headquarters to every Salvation Army post in the state urging the soldiers to line up for Herrick. The name of William M. Gale, adjutant, is signed to this letter.

It reminds the Salvationists that Governor Herrick donated a $28,000 property and $10,000 in cash to the colonization work in Ohio and that he was the host of General Booth on the occasion of that officer's visit to Cleveland. The letter expresses the hope that all the friends of the Salvation Army will exert their personal influence in behalf of Mr. Herrick's candidacy for the governorshp.

The effort on the part of the Salvation Army in behalf of the Republican candidate is but another of the odd features of this campaign. But few if any previous instances can be cited where the Army took a part in politics. It prides itself on its non-denominational and non-partisan character. This, however, is a campaign where many interests and organizations that have never before taken a part in politics have been drawn into the contest. The Salvation Army is strong in this state and it is believed that the efforts of the organization will help swell the Herrick majority.

As election day approaches there is an inclination among prominent Republicans throughout the state to raise the figures on their estimates on the majority Governor Herrick will have. Talk of 100,000 is now heard where a few weeks ago the most extravagant estimates did not run over 50,000. This increased confidence is due to the good reports that are coming into headquarters daily. And while the Democratic managers hold to their opinion that Pattison will be elected, they have little upon which to base their estimates except hope.

Senator Dick still refuses to indulge in figures until the poll of the state is complete. But it is believed that when he gives to the public his annual pre-election estimate it will be much larger than has been thought.

A Republican high in the councils of the organization who has been very successful with his bets for a number of years past now has $5,000 up on the result. He has bet that Herrick will have 50,000 plurality and a small part of the money he was able to place at one to two. The greater part, however, was placed at even. This man was prepared to back a larger plurality if it had been necessary, but he was able to place all his money on 50,000.

The speakers' bureau at headquarters has finished its work and all of the stump orators have been assigned up to the end of the fight.

CHINESE MASSACRE.

Government Has Taken Prompt Action in the Matter.

Hongkong, Nov. 4.—Orders have been issued for the arrest of every person, layman and official, who was implicated in the massacre of Presbyterian missionaries at Lienchow, October 28. This means that wholesale executions will follow swiftly to avenge the murder of the church people. Compensation will also be given, and it is not thought that the affair will cause complications between the Chinese and United States governments. Two Chinese gunboats have started up the river from Canton.

The massacre was the outgrowth of a Chinese religious celebration. The natives, gathered in large numbers, wanted to shoot cannon during their festivities, but were prevented by the missionaries. The gathering of celebrators was transformed into a mob of murderers, the more lawless among them calling for the blood of the white men and women. The excitement grew until the Chinese became frenzied and swept down upon the mission house.

Armed with clubs, knives, firearms and other weapons, the people set upon the unfortunate missionaries, hacking five to death. The victims were Mrs. Machle, Annie Machle, Dr. Eleanor Chestnut, Mr. and Mrs. John R. Peele. Mr. Machle and W. S. R. Patterson fled to the prefect's yamen, where they are now. After murdering the five missionaries, the assailants destroyed the church, school, hospitals and residences of the mission settlement. The attack on the mission was followed by a brief season of wild excitement, during which small bands of natives went seeking foreign residents. The latter, however, barricaded themselves until the disorder subsided.

ALL BENT OVER.

Kidney Backache Makes Young Men Walk Like The Aged.

Backache "Knocks you out".
Robs the back of strength
Can't straighten up.
Can't rest at night.
It's a sign of sick kidneys.
Pain from the kidney region.
Cure the kidneys and you cure backache.
Cure them to stay cured.
Doan's Kidney Pills make lasting cures.
Their work in Massillon proves it.
Read of a permanent Massillon cure
John L. Schandel, now retired living in South Grape street says: "I have never suffered from the intense pain in my back and the region of my kidneys nor from rheumatism which existed prior to obtaining Doan's Kidney Pills at Baltzly's drug store in 1898 and taking them. I have had some lameness in my back during the six years which have elapsed, but an appeal to Doan's Kidney Pills has never failed to ward off the attacks. I cheerfully recommend Doan's Kidney Pills and will consider myself at any time ready to [illegible] have used many [illegible] remedy and have [illegible] have done so.
For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., agents for the United States.
Remember the name—Doan's—and take no substitute.

Hives are a terrible torment to little folks, and to [illegible] Doan's Ointment. It gives instant relief, permanent cure. At any drug store, 50 cents.

Energy all gone? Headache? Bowels out of order? Simply a case of torpid liver. Burdock Blood Bitters will make a new man or woman of you.

AN "OPEN LETTER"

SENATOR DICK REPLIES TO CONGRESSMAN WEBBER.

"Why This Eleventh-Hour Betrayal of the Party Which Has So Highly Honored You?"—A Clear Contradiction of Webber's Assertions—He Demands a Declaration For State Prohibition.

Hon. A. R. Webber, Elyria, O.:

Sir:—I have been advised by the public press that you have addressed an open letter to me. I have waited for some time expecting to have the courtesy of a copy by mail. Not receiving one, I am compelled to take notice of its newspaper publication.

You do not say so explicitly yourself, but it is clearly intimated in the press that you have written me letters which I have not answered. Allow me to say that I have received no letter or other inquiry from you which I have not answered fully and explicitly. In your open letter to me you are reported as saying that you 'phoned me the other day at Columbus and asked me why Governor Herrick keeps silent on the "Cox" and "Ohio Liquor League" questions, and why he did not come out boldly and proclaim against them. You say I made answer as follows:

"He cannot do this as he is depending upon them to be elected."

I refuse to permit you to put words in my mouth, or by misconstruction of anything I said, furnish you an excuse for joining the Democratic party. Permit me, therefore, to say that this statement which you ascribe to me IS ABSOLUTELY AND UNQUALIFIEDLY FALSE.

You did ask me if there was an alliance between the Republican party and the Ohio Liquor League, and I said there was not. You asked me if the league was contributing to the Republican campaign fund this year, and I told you not a dollar had been received from that source. I repeat again not a dollar has been contributed to the Republican campaign fund by the liquor interests, nor has a pledge or promise been made to those interests.

You asked why Governor Herrick did not repudiate Cox and the Liquor interests. I told you the cry of "bossism" in this campaign is silly and ridiculous; that the Republican party of Ohio is not bossed by any one; that Governor Herrick is not bossed by anybody; that he is not controlled by any man or clique of men; that his only "boss" are the people of Ohio; that Cox is not a state issue, and that the election of Mr. Pattison would not diminish Mr. Cox's influence in the least.

You asked why Governor Herrick did not denounce the liquor interests. I answered that in nearly every speech he has made he has expressed himself fairly and frankly on the question of temperance legislation; that from the start he favored the principles of residential local option and that he was for reasonable and enforcible temperance legislation, the best proof of which is the fact that he signed this very temperance law—which is the best temperance legislation upon the statute books of the state—against the protest of the Saloon league and the Anti-Saloon league.

You replied that he had not gone far enough. I asked you what you meant and you said the governor ought to come out for state prohibition. I replied if he did that he would get about as many votes as the Prohibition candidate for governor will get. You inquired, "Why?" and I told you, "Because public sentiment in Ohio will not stand for total prohibition." You insisted that the temperance issue and Cox are the only issues in this campaign. I replied that I think there are many other important issues. In this campaign every issue, state and national, and there are many, is involved in a greater or less degree.

You demand to know if Governor Herrick is right on the temperance question why some saloon keepers are supporting him. I said they had been driven to him by the intemperate action and speech of extremists on the other side. You thought such support should be driven away. I told you I wanted the support of every citizen of Ohio for Governor Herrick, for the reason that I wanted to see a great victory for Republican principles and policies, state and national.

I can not repeat our conversation word for word, but such of it as I have given is substantially what was said.

In closing I said to you I was glad you called me up, but was sorry we could not meet face to face to talk the matter over, as it was very unsatisfactory to discuss such important questions by long distance telephone.

Since you have asked me some questions, allow me to put some to you, Mr. Webber.

Governor Herrick's attitude on the temperance question has been honest and straightforward and known to all men for 18 months past. You declined election as head of a religious body because that body has passed resolutions condemning the governor. You voluntarily wrote to Governor Herrick commending him and his official record and promised him your support. You offered to make campaign speeches for him, and accepted appointment at the hands of your county committee. The night before you telephoned me you made a Republican speech for Governor Herrick at the hamlet of Huntington, Lorain county.

There has been absolutely no change in the situation which justified your sudden change of front. Why, then, this eleventh hour betrayal of the party which has so highly honored you?

When you have been a candidate for office did you ever repudiate any one, or denounce any special interests? Is it not correctly reported at your home that when you were a candidate for office you sought to obtain every vote you could get, and even courted the liquor vote, which you now denounce, where you thought you could safely do so without alienating your temperance friends?

Governor Herrick in every speech in the campaign has answered your questions about bossism and temperance legislation to the satisfaction of all fair-minded men. He stands on his record and on the record of his party. Where do you stand, Mr. Webber? Are you not opposing the Republican party, which enacted all the temperance legislation Ohio has? Are you not supporting the Democratic party, which has opposed all such legislation? Are you not opposing Governor Herrick, who signed one of the very best temperance laws ever enacted, and supporting his opponent, Mr. Pattison, who, as a member of the legislature voted against the "Anti-Bootleg Whisky" bill, which prohibited the sale of liquor from wagons and buggies in "dry" territory, and now says he does not recall the bill, and who has through all this campaign maintained a policy of evasion and silence on the Brannock law?

Mr. Pattison says he favors the Brannock bill as it originally passed both houses of the general assembly, when he well knows, or should know, that the only Brannock bill which passed both houses was the bill the governor signed and which is now the law. Mr. Pattison has never said in public whether he favored the Brannock law or was opposed to it; he has never said whther he favored its enforcement or its repeal. His course in this respect compares most unfavorably with that of Governor Herrick.

Do you believe in supporting for re election a public official who has been capable and efficient and has honestly and conscientiously discharged his official duties as Governor Herrick has, or do you join in the campaign of abuse and misrepresentation and villification against him? Do you believe that one good term deserves another, or do you sympathize with those extremists who have in this campaign indulged in slander and assassination of character?

You talk of a "boss-ridden party." The twelve hundred delegates in the last state convention, representing the six hundred thousand men who voted the Republican ticket last fall, every one of whom is just as independent as you are, were selected by the same methods as have obtained since the Republican party was organized. That convention only pursued party custom, when it renominated Governor Herrick as its candidate for governor. He had served but one term, and by his patriotic, faithful and efficient service was entitled to renomination and re-election.

No reason founded upon truth or justice has ever been given by any one, at any time, why this should not be done. Your own letter to Governor Herrick covered this question completely. You were for Governor Herrick's nomination two years ago and for his renomination last May. You have supported his candidacy from then until now.

You have asked me if I am opposed to Mr. Cox's methods. I do not know what you mean by Mr. Cox's methods, but if you mean the methods by which the Republican organization in Hamilton county has rescued that county from the grasp of Democracy and has rolled up year after year increasing Republican majorities until last year it gave 40,000 for Theodore Roosevelt, then I say I am not opposed to such methods. Never since the infamous Democratic tally sheet forgeries of 1885 has it been proved that there was illegal voting in Hamilton county.

I have had no personal knowledge of Mr. Cox's methods, but I do know that, during the period I have had to do with Republican politics in Ohio—and that has been for some years—Mr. Cox has never assumed to dictate in any manner the work of the state organization. He has never made a suggestion as to how the campaigns should be conducted. In all the years that I have had to do with state conventions as a delegate, and frequently as a member of the committee on resolutions, Mr. Cox, so far as my knowledge extends, never made a suggestion as to what should go into the platform or what should be left out of it. I have never known him to insist upon, or ask for, the nomination of any man. I have never seen him take any interest in matters of legislation or of administration except such as every citizen of the state might as reasonably have concerned himself.

I say all this in view of the fact that Mr. Cox and I have rarely agreed upon political matters. I was for Senator Sherman in 1892; Mr. Cox was not. I was for Mr. Taylor for secretary of state in 1892; Mr. Cox was not. I was for Harrison's renomination in 1892; Mr. Cox was not. I was for George K. Nash for governor in 1895; Mr. Cox was for Asa A. Bushnell, who was nominated and elected. I was for Mr. Kinney for secretary of state in 1898; Mr. Cox was not. Mr. Cox was for Price for speaker of the house in 1902; I was for McKinnon.

It has been very seldom that Mr. Cox and I have agreed upon party nominations. However, I have observed that when nominations are made Mr. Cox has always been loyal to his party and stood by the ticket made by the conventions in which he participated as delegate. When Mr. Cox gives his word or pledge of support, it is absolutely good, which is more, Judge Webber, than can be said for you in the present instance.

The charge that Governor Herrick has been "bossed" by George B. Cox is equally untrue. The facts are that they disagreed on many important measures passed by the last legislature. Governor Herrick favored and signed the much-discussed Brannock law. Mr. Cox was opposed to it. Other instances might be cited to substantiate this fact.

I am opposed to bossism wherever it exists, but I contend that in Ohio it does not exist in state affairs, and the Democratic candidate for governor knows this to be a fact. He knows how sensitive Republicans are on the question of independence and that is why he is crying "Bossism." He imagines that by constant repetition he may make the charge stick so that the people will demonstrate their independence by voting the Democratic ticket. It is but fair to presume that only a few will be misled by this cry as you have been. I am not defending Mr. Cox, I am not praising him, but am telling the truth about him as I know it from my own knowledge.

When you wished information from me you telephoned me and got my reply. There was no occasion for your open letter, except as you desired by this sort of assault to embarrass the Republican party and to aid in its defeat by adding to the misconception and misrepresentation and villification in this campaign.

As chairman of the state executive committee, I am willing to have Republicans and Democrats, and men of all parties know by what methods we conduct campaigns in this state. I want them to know the truth about this, and that is why I am answering your open letter, I invite the closest inspection of the methods by which we conduct a campaign. Instead of going into a campaign of abuse, villification, libel and assassination of character, we have chosen to stand upon our record as a party, to recount our achievements, to point to them as the promise of future accomplishments and to make a battle for Republican principles and policies.

Very respectfully,
CHARLES DICK.

Columbus, O., Nov. 2, 1905.

LOOKS LIKE TRICK.

"IT MUST BE DONE IN A SECRET WAY."

A Mysterious and Secretive Circular Sent to Such Candidates and Committeemen as "Can Be Trusted to Keep Their Mouths Shut"—What Is Garber's Game?"

Hon. John M. Pattison, Democratic Candidate for Governor:

Sir—I am in receipt of a circular mailed by your campaign manager, Hon. Harvey C. Garber, and marked "Confidential." It is of such an amazing character that I feel compelled to draw your attention to it for the purpose of inquiring if you had previous knowledge of it or sanctioned it. The opening paragraph reads as follows:

"We send you this letter by registered mail and it is of the utmost importance that the greatest secrecy be preserved concerning it. Do not communicate it only to those members of your committee and county candidates who can be trusted to keep their mouths shut."

That is almost as thrilling as the opening chapter to a blood-curdling dime novel. The letter continues as follows:

"We have received reliable information from the inside that the Cox-Dick-Herrick gang are alarmed at the outlook and they are preparing to steal the election from us if possible."

This is really very amusing, or would be if it were not so serious. Either some one is deceiving your chairman, or, which is more probable, he has made up this story out of the whole cloth. Allow me to assure you that no one connected with Republican State Headquarters is alarmed in the least at the outlook, or is preparing or desires to count for any Republican candidate any ballot cast which the voter did not mark in that way. All that the Republican party asks is that every ballot lawfully cast shall be counted as the voter intended.

The peope of Ohio have a very vivid recollection of the infamous tally sheet forgeries by which the Democrats attempted to steal an election in Ohio. No such attempt has ever been made by the Republican party. We stand for the purity of the ballot, Mr. Pattison, and will join with you in any measures necessary to obtain it.

But to resume quotations from Mr. Garber's deelicious letter. Your chairman says:

"Our informant who received this information we are giving you from the inside at Republican headquarters, advises us that where a ballot is scratched and voted for Pattison, and the cross mark is placed in the circle under the eagle that the Republican judges who take the ticket out of the box are to place their thumb over the crossmark in front of Pattison's name and call it a straight Republican ticket, and then pass it to the other Republican judge, who will likewise conceal it until several votes are counted, after which it is expected that this omission will be lost and not noticed by the Democratic judges who receive them afterwards."

I am glad to give this extraordinarily confidential document a much wider circulation than the signer intended, for I am anxious to do everything within my power to prevent any tampering with any lawful ballot, and if the circular was cunningly devised to instruct Democratic election judges how to defeat the will of the people, this publicity will defeat any such illegal end.

That some hidden intent is concealed in this circular is more apparent from the next paragraph, which reads as follows:

"We don't want to alarm you and believe we can take steps to prevent it; but you must see that good men are appointed for judges to begin with, and then they must be posted and told to keep their mouths shut, because if anything of this kind is to be carried out it must be done in a secret way."

What is it, Mr. Pattison, that you or your campaign manager proposes that "to be carried out it must be done in a secret way?" If you are as solicitous as you appear to be about an honest election, why should any work be done for you on election day "be done in a secret way?" What can it be that you are unwilling to trust with your own committeemen, or your own candidates?

The Republican state committee has no secrets of that kind, and is perfectly willing to publish each and every instruction and suggestion given to its inspectors, or to any person having anything to do in its behalf with the election. Why must anything originating in your campaign headquarters "be done in a secret way?"

The last paragraph of Chairman Garber's deeply secret circular, issued in your behalf, is no less interesting than what goes before. It reads:

"When you have read this letter through and digested it, we ask that you remail it to us, as we don't want this letter to become public at all. It would expose the party who gave it, and we may learn other matters of importance to us from the same source."

Allow me to give assurance that no one will be exposed by the publication of this circular, for no one has truthfully given your Chairman Garber any such information as the circular professes to disclose. I might add that the air of mystery and secretiveness which surrounds this circular is not the fittest kind of atmosphere for a candidate and a chairman who are using as campaign war-cries, "Down with bossism, graft and corruption."

Very respectfully,
CHARLES DICK.

BAKERITES STARTED GARBER'S STORY.

"Our informant," as Pattison's Chairman Garber calls the alleged source of his alleged information in his spook story, is evidently "Ohio Anti-Saloon league, W. B. Wheeler, Supt. Atty." This is clearly shown by the statements in the Bakerite leaflet "How To Vote a Mixed Ticket," as follows:

"Careless or prejudiced judges of elections will see the cross mark at the head of the ticket, and before the challengers can make protest the vote will be counted as a straight Republican ticket, and hundreds of votes will be counted for Governor Herrick that are really cast for Mr. Pattison. A cross mark in the circle at the head of the ticket makes it easier for partisan election officers to help elect Governor Herrick."

The cross mark under the eagle also "makes it easier for" the voters to elect the rest of the Republican ticket, and that is just what Garber and Wheeler agreed against. Wheeler don't want this and so tells men not to mark under the eagle, but to run the risk of checking each candidate they should choose. That is one of the tricks that every Republican needs look out for.

The principle thing about it all is that it gives a clear proof that the Anti-Saloon Anti-Sumptuary combine knows that it will be defeated, and is getting ready to set up the loudest shout of fraud ever heard in America, to cover the confusion of the overthrow of its unholy alliance. Wheeler's insult to every Republican election officer in Ohio, which Garber has endorsed and spread broadcast, means most of all that Baker's game to be boss of both parties has been completely blocked, by the certainty of Pattison's defeat.

The people of Ohio believe in the square deal idea. If Pattison really has any "reforms" to give the state, let him tell what they are and the people will give consideration to the proposition. Until they really get some definite plans and promises from him, they must believe that he is on an uncertain platform—a platform that means but one definite thing for him and that is get in power.—Cuyahoga County News.

The Cleveland Press says Cox is going to colonize voters and stuff the ballot box in Cincinnati to elect Herrick. This is an advance admission of defeat. When a cur begins to yelp, he knows he is beaten.—Chrichsville Chronicle.

It is real unkind of the Chicago Record Herald to say such things as this: "Ohio Democrats say they expect a landslide this year. They have one in Ohio whenever there is an election—and it is generally necessary to dig the Democrats out."

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

EXPLAINED BY KNOX

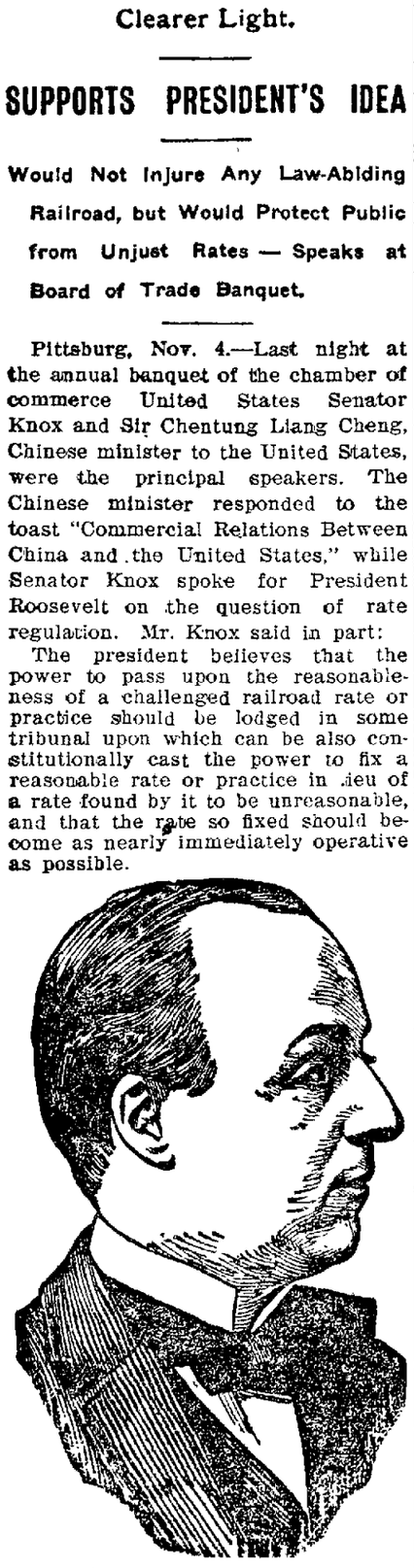
Pennsylvania Senator Presents Rate Regulation in Clearer Light.

SUPPORTS PRESIDENT'S IDEA

Would Not Injure Any Law-Abiding Railroad, but Would Protect Public from Unjust Rates — Speaks at Board of Trade Banquet.

Pittsburg, Nov. 4.—Last night at the annual banquet of the chamber of commerce United States Senator Knox and Sir Chentung Liang Cheng, Chinese minister to the United States, were the principal speakers. The Chinese minister responded to the toast "Commercial Relations Between China and the United States," while Senator Knox spoke for President Roosevelt on the question of rate regulation. Mr. Knox said in part:

The president believes that the power to pass upon the reasonableness of a challenged railroad rate or practice should be lodged in some tribunal upon which can be also constitutionally cast the power to fix a reasonable rate or practice in lieu of a rate found by it to be unreasonable, and that the rate so fixed should become as nearly immediately operative as possible.



PHILANDER CHASE KNOX.

The proposition that the national government should exercise supervisory control over the tax upon transportation became almost self-evident from the time the railroads began, through various devices, to concentrate this taxing power in the hands of a few men.

The government's efforts to check this concentration of power should be supplemented by legislation which will prevent the abuse of the power of taxing the movement of persons and property under any circumstance whatever. It commends itself to me as wiser statesmanship to cure the disease than treat the symptoms.

The proposition is that congress should at once enact a law covering the main features of the public demand for a prompt and efficient remedy against unjust railroad practices and leave to the future the determination of collateral and related matters.

Duty to Prevent Injustice.

It is the duty of congress to regulate commerce so as to prevent injustice and imposition by the carriers. The proposition to correct unreasonable railroad rates and practices goes no further than this. It is tantamount to the proposition to correct injustice and imposition. If you provide the remedy, the evil will largely disappear. The tendency for some time has been toward fairer dealing by the railroads with the public.

There is no railroad in the United States that can be in the slightest degree affected by legislation giving relief from unreasonable rates and practices unless it is guilty of unreasonable and unjust practices. There is no practice of any railroad that can be declared to be unreasonable or unjust until it is challenged in a quasi judicial proceeding and proved to be unjust and unreasonable after the fullest hearing and argument. The railroads enjoy a complete remedy against injustice which it is not proposed to take away, while the public has no effective remedy against injustice. More than such a remedy the public does not ask. Less than such a remedy it never should have been without.

Rate Regulation Is Lawful.

The administrative features of the power inhering in congress to fix reasonable rates for transportation may be lawfully vested in the interstate commerce commission. This includes the power to vest in the commission authority to substitute a reasonable rate for one found by it to be unreasonable.

No device can cure the objection to suspending the operation of the commission's finding until passed upon by the court. Of course I do not mean that in an independent proceeding begun in the court that the court could not, in the exercise of its discretionary powers, when satisfied that the rate fixed by the commission was unlawful, enjoin its operation until a final hearing. That is a power that inheres in the court that need not be conferred by statute and probably cannot be taken away by a statute.

The competency of the commission to pass upon the reasonableness of a challenged rate is denied because of the technical character of the work; because familiarity with its requirements can only come through long trainnig and experience. This argument must be potent if it were proposed to give the commission the power to initiate rates and practices. This, however, is not the proposition.

Commission Would Be Competent.

It is not proposed to confer upon the commission any greater or different power than courts of equity possess under a well known branch of equity jurisprudence. The commission sits in the first instance to determine the reasonableness of the challenged rate or practice, and in so doing performs an ordinary judicial function. There is no act or transaction, however technical, complex or important, whose legality may not be called in question in a court. Courts listen to the evidence of experts in mechanics, medicine, art, theology and finance, hear the elucidations of advocates on either side, and, without previous special training in the particular subject involved, determine the rights of the parties to the issue. Without such power in an independent tribunal there could be no such thing as property rights. There can be no such thing as a right without a method of determining its existence.

So, in respect of a railroad rate or practice alleged to be unreasonable and therefore unlawful, whether it presents the simplest or the most involved question, the able experts, who, it is claimed, are alone competent to comprehend and deal with these questions, may enlighten the commission and the complaining shipper, and it follows of course if the weight of reason is with the railroad, the complaint will be dismissed.

For Future Adjustment.

Upon the other hand, if the complainant makes good his charges of unreasonableness in rate or practice, the commission, exercising the delegated non-judicial power of congress, decides what would be reasonable under the evidence.

Whether the existing circuit courts of the United States would be able to handle the increased business that the passage of the law proposed might impose upon them is a mere matter of conjecture. As between the suggestions of a permanent court of commerce in Washington, composed of judges who perform no other duty; a court of commerce in each circuit, and the suggestion of the creation of nine new circuit judges and a court of commerce, the personnel of which is to be determined by the chief justice of the United States, I think that matter can be left to be determined in the future.

A very short and simple law would reach the root of the trouble. It should provide that the tolls collected by common carriers and the practices pursued by them should be just, fair and reasonable. The power to determine these tolls and practices should rest with the railroads and not be interfered with except upon complaint and after full hearing before the interstate commerce commission.

I am convinced that the time has come when congress must, in justice to the public, exercise more fully its power in respect to railroad rates and regulation, and I believe that no relief is likely to be given in the immediate future unless some such measure is adopted.

DOCTOR UNDER ARREST.

Accused of Criminal Operation on Ill-Fated Chorus Girl.

Boston, Nov. 4.—Following a brief conversation by officers over the long distance telephone, the scene of developments in the famous suitcase mystery has shifted from New York back to Boston. Dr. Percy D. McLeod, a reputable physician of the Back Bay district, was arrested on the charge of performing an illegal operation on Susan Geary, the Cambridge chorus girl, whose remains were found in two suitcases in Boston harbor.

Through the confessions of Louis Crawford and William Howard, the two men arrested in New York, the authorities received evidence which in their opinion warranted the arrest of Dr. McLeod. It is alleged that Dr. McLeod was called into the case after the first operation was performed in a Tremont street office and that he performed a second operation of a desperate nature in a vain attempt to save the life of the young woman. Miss Geary failing to recover, it is alleged that Dr. McLeod, in an effort to conceal the crime dismembered the body.

While at first the police were of the opinion that Morris Nathan was not directly connected with the case, they now say that Nathan conducted the negotiations with the proprietors of the Tremont street establishment, the place with which Crawford was connected, and that he was fully aware of the result of the operation.

WISHES TO VOTE THRICE.

Mark Twain Favors Election of Ivins and Jerome.

New York, Nov. 4.—"Municipal housekeeping without regard to party, police" was the theme of the independent citizens' mass meeting held at Cooper Union last night, at which Horace White presided. Former Mayor Seth Low sent a letter earnestly advocating the election of Mr. Ivins.

The following telegram was received from Samuel Clemens (Mark Twain): "I believe in Ivins and Jerome and hope to be allowed to vote my whole strength for them; that is to say, once as Clemens and twice as Twain."

Dying Man Hanged for Murder.

South McAlester, I. T., Nov. 14.—So weak from tuberculosis that he had to be carried to the scaffold and supported during the adjustment of the black cap, Grant Williams, a negro, was hanged here for the murder of James Dolan and an unidentified man.

Justice Paxson's Widow Dead.

Philadelphia, Nov. 4.—Mrs. Mary Martha Bridges Paxson, widow of former Chief Justice Edward M. Paxson, died last evening at her home at Bycot House, Bucks county.

BLOODY TALES TOLD

Streets of Russian Cities Reeking With Gore of Murdered Jews.

STORES PILLAGED AND BURNED

Count Witte's Task Becomes Stupendous—Liberals Withhold Their Support—Amnesty Proclaimed and Restrictions Removed from Papers.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 4.—The amnesty ukase has been signed.

All the regulations heretofore issued to the newspapers by circular for their governance have been withdrawn and the chief of the press administration has been prohibited from further issuing such regulations.

Count Witte is having trouble in forming a cabinet on account of the lack of Liberal support. Senator Koni has refused the portfolio of justice and Eugene Troubetskoy, brother of the late rector of the Moscow university, is said to have not even replied to the tender of the ministry of education.

The national holiday in celebration of the anniversary of the emperor's accession was marked by the formal raising of the general strike in St. Petersburg. While the railroad strike has not yet been declared off, many of the railroad men are returning to work and trains are being gotten through. The population is calmer.

The spasm of lawlessness and revolutionary manifestations which everywhere signalized the proclamation of the "constitution" has played into the hands of Count Witte's enemies at court, who, momentarily overthrown, are again beginning to talk of the necessity for the sternest measures of repression to prevent the whole country from being drawn into the vortex of a revolution.

Empress a Reactionary.

According to reports, the reactionaries have a powerful ally in the empress, who desires the autocratic power of the Romanoffs to be handed down unimpaired to her son.

London, Nov. 4.—All Russian dispatches still are suffering considerable telegraphic delay. Apparently the text of the amnesty ukase has not yet been published. It is expected that it will be today, but possibly its publication may be postponed until Sunday. Many correspondents in Odessa and elsewhere report danger and difficulty attending the dispatch of their reports, and they are obliged to seek the aid and protection of the military. All dispatches received here go to confirm the continued seriousness of the situation throughout Russia generally the anti-Jewish excesses.

The Daily Mail's Odessa correspondent gives an unconfirmed report that Kishineff has been absolutely destroyed by fire. He says that the three suburbs of Odessa, Persessyp, Zastava and Moldavanka, have been completely devastated.

Women Searched for Crosses.

The Kieff correspondent of the same paper says that the British consulate has been raided with bullets. The situation there, he adds, however, is improving, but during the riots bands of rowdies stopped everybody in carriage or afoot and compelled all to prove they were not Jews before permitting them to go on. Ladies' dresses were torn open to discover if they were wearing crosses. The British consul was stopped by soldiers, with leveled rifles, who, however, permitted the mob to wreck the house of a wealthy Jew. Nearly all the houses and shops display ikons and other Christian emblems.

A dispatch to the Daily Telegraph from St. Petersburg states that Prince Alexis Obolensky has been appointed to replace M. Pobiedonostseff as chief procurator of the Holy Synod.

The Daily Telegraph's Odessa correspondent also reports Kishineff in flames.

Odessa, Nov. 4.—On this, the fourth day of terror, the peaceful population is practically under a state of siege. Even the markets and restaurants are closed and it is impossible to get bread or meat. The mob pillaged a number of Jewish shops in the main streets and among others the biggest wholesale grocery, that of Rabinovitch. The rioters also burned three factories and killed a physician and two assistants who were dressing wounds.

Reign of Terror at Odessa.

In the evening the rioters pillaged the biggest dry goods store in the city. The loss in this case is estimated at $175,000. The hardware store was also looted, involving a loss of $100,000. In addition 12 fur stores were sacked. The consulates and hotels are guarded by troops.

Odessa, Nov. 4.—A dispatch from Kishineff says: "A horrible massacre has occurred here. Hundreds have been killed. All the pharmacies and hotels are full of wounded and mutilated persons."

A telegram from Nicolaieff says: "The whole town is in the hands of bandits who are devastating the Jewish houses and shops and beating Jews to death without the slightest hindrance."

The authorities here have similar news from other southern cities.

Romney, Russia, Nov. 4.—During the pillage of the Jewish stores 15 stores were burned to the ground and many more were sacked. The crowd killed a rich merchant for refusing to take off his hat to a red flag.

Warsaw, Nov. 4.—A remarkable feature of the demonstrations here was the fraternizing of the people with the soldiers. The latter were carried about on the shoulders of the crowd and were furnished with champagne and cigarettes.

Moscow, Nov. 4.—A procession of students returning with some of their comrades who had been released from prison was set upon by a mob of workmen at the triumphal arch. Ten of the students were killed.

Reval, Russia, Nov. 4.—Warships have sailed from here for Helsingfors to put down the Finnish rebellion.

PRINCE AT WHITE HOUSE.

Louis of Battenberg Cordially Welcomed by President.

Washington, Nov. 4.—With great eclat Rear Admiral Prince Louis of Battenberg was received by the president and Mrs. Roosevelt. The prince was the bearer of a personal message of good will from King Edward to President Roosevelt and was presented to the president by Sir Henry Mortimer Durand, the British ambassador. The presentation was made the occasion of a brilliant reception.

Last night the British ambassador and Lady Durand gave a state dinner to their distinguished house guest, followed by a large reception and ball.

Not since Prince Henry of Prussia was a guest of the German embassy at Washington has a royal visitor been the recipient of greater honors than those with which Britain's admiral prince has been welcomed to the national capital. Save for the absence of military honors the prince's entry to the capital has been invested with as much ceremony as that which made memorable the greeting to the Prussian prince several years ago. It has been the busiest day he has spent since his arrival off Annapolis Wednesday.

Both the president and Mrs. Roosevelt were markedly cordial and hearty in their welcome, the president expressing the hope that every moment of the visit of the British squadron in American waters would prove enjoyable to them. The president recalled the generous hospitality with which American naval officers are always received in British ports. The reception lasted about an hour.

DECLINED TO ANSWER.

Private Car Line Officials Defy Interstate Commission.

Washington, Nov. 4. — President Robbins of the Armour car lines and Traffic Manager Sproule of the Southern Pacific railroad declined to answer questions put to them by the interstate commerce commission in the private car line inquiry, both acting under instructions of counsel.

The examination of Mr. Robbins was intended to show that the Armour car lines, through Armour & Co., or other concerns controlled by the same interests, is engaged in business other than that of leasing cars to railroads and refrigerating perishable shipments. Mr. Sproule was examined regarding an alleged "pooling contract" between the Southern Pacific and the Southern California railroads. When the information was denied to the commission it was announced that the hearings would be adjourned indefinitely. No action was taken regarding the declinations.

Dan Patch Paces in 1:54¼.

Memphis, Nov. 4.—Dan Patch has equalled the world's pacing record here, going the mile in 1:59½, equaling Star Pointer's time. The mile was made with a runner at his side.

CHICAGO GRAIN MARKET.

Chicago, Nov. 3.—Apparent passing of the worst crisis in Russia left the wheat market here without any energetic support today. At the close wheat for May delivery was off ¼@⅜c. Corn and oats are practically unchanged. Closing quotations: Wheat, Dec., 89@89⅛; May, 90@90¼; corn, Dec., 46; May, 46⅝@46½; oats, Dec., 30⅛@30¼; May, 32⅝.

PITTSBURG MARKETS—NOV. 3.

Corn—Yellow shelled, 62½@63; high mixed, 61@61½; yellow ear, 64@65.

Oats—No 2 white, 34¼@35¼; No. 3 white, 34@34½.

Hay—No. 1 timothy, $13@13.25; No. 2, $12@12.50; No. 1 clover, $10.75@11.25; No. 1 mixed, $10.75@11.25.

Eggs—Selected, 23@24.

Butter—Prints, 25½@26; tubs, 24½@25; dairy, 16@17.

Cheese—New York full cream, new, 13@13½; Ohio full cream, 13@13½; Wisconsin Swiss, 15@15½; limberger, new, 13@13½.

Cattle—Prime to fancy, fat, smooth steers, $5.50@5.75; green, coarse and rough, fat steers, $3.25@3.85; fat, smooth, dry fed, light steers, $3.75@4.25; choice milch cows, $35@50; medium to good milch cows, $20@30; good, fat, smooth, handy butchers' bulls, $3.25@3.75; feeding steers, good style, weight and extra quality, $3.50@4; feed steers, common to good quality, $3@3.50; fair to choice stockers, $2.85@3.40.

Calves—Veals, good to choice, $7.50@8; veals, fair to good, $5.50@7; heavy and thin calves, $3@4.50.

Hogs—Good to prime heavy, $5.30; medium weights, $5.25; best heavy yorkers, $5.20@5.25; good light yorkers, $5.20; pigs, good to prime, $5.15@5.25.

Sheep and Lambs—Prime wethers, $5.50@5.85; good to choice mixed, $5.10@5.40; fair to good mixed, $4.25@5; culls and common, $3@4.25; spring lambs, $4.50@7.25.

INITIATION IS SEVERE

Kenyon College Student Tells How He Was Tied to Railroad Track.

FURTHER DAMAGING EVIDENCE

President Pierce Testifies at Coroner's Inquest and Declares Student Pierson Was Not Tied to Track. Coroner Continues the Inquiry.

Mount Vernon, O., Nov. 4.—Paul Barber, a Zeta Alpha freshman, has, according to Prosecuting Attorney Stillwell, given the most important testimony so far secured in the secret inquest into the death of young Stuart Pierson, the Kenyon college student who was killed by an engine on the railroad track at Gambier last Saturday night. Barber, it is said, testified that he lay bound and blindfolded upon the track not 200 yards from the spot where Pierson was mangled to death, waiting for his two initiators, who, he says, were Jacob Ewalt and J. B. Park. This, Barber declared, occurred about an hour before Pierson's life was crushed out.

"We have conclusively established," said Prosecutor Stillwell, "that it is a custom at the college to tie candidates to the tracks in the initiation ceremonies. We have positive evidence from Barber's lips and otherwise that he was so tied. We know that a special train for the removal of the body was ordered before the undertaker was sent for. We know of the activity before daylight that morning to remove every trace of blood and clothing.

"President Pierce will be called to explain these things in connection with his statement that he knows young Pierson was not tied. We are near to the solution of the mystery, if mystery it is."

The testimony in the Pierson inquest developed the fact that the boy was lying prostrate on the track when the engine struck him; also that he may have been tied to the track by another initiating party. The identity of this party is now being inquired into. The witnesses examined were President Pierce of Kenyon college; Henry Beam, a student, and W. H. Stump, roundhouse employe who cleaned the engine after its arrival at Mount Vernon. The previous evidence that it was the custom of the fraternity men to tie candidates to the tracks was corroborated.

President Pierce's examination lasted over two hours and was severe. He declared that his reason for ordering a special train for the removal of the body even before the undertaker was summoned was purely the wishes of his father. He said he saw the marks on the body described as rope marks but believed them to be only part of the injuries inflicted by the locomotive.

A week before his death Pierson, it was brought out in the examination, was compelled by the fraternity men to crawl the length of the village, goaded behind by men with sticks and clubs, and that this treatment developed deep abscesses on his knees. The bandages which Dr. Workman placed about the sores were on the body when it was found.

SEIZED THEIR IDOLS.

Woman Missionary Arouses Mob's Anger, Precipitating Murders.

London, Nov. 4.—A dispatch to the Daily Express from Hongkong says that the Lienchau massacre was due to the unhappy action of Mrs. Machle who on the refusal of some of the members of the native procession to desist from worshiping the idols they carried, seized the idols and declined to restore them to their owners. Thereupon the infuriated processionists surrounded and destroyed the mission and assaulted the inmates. They then murdered them and threw their bodies into the river. The mob did not interfere with six French priests who resided in the neighborhood.

Firemen Rescue 150 Girls.

New York, Nov. 4.—Two hundred girls and 50 men in Frederick Neff's paper box factory were thrown into a panic by a fire which completely destroyed the building. So quickly did the flames spread that less than 50 of the young women had time to get out by the stairs. The rest were rescued by firemen, who carried them down ladders to the street. All escaped unhurt. The damage is $110,000.

Cranberry Market Cornered.

Chicago, Nov. 4.—Owing to the alleged failure of the Cape Cod cranberry crop the price of the berries here today ranges from $10 to $11 a barrel, compared with $6 to $7.50 the corresponding day a year ago. A further rise to possibly $15 a barrel within the next two weeks is predicted by dealers here.

Importing Printers from England.

Winnipeg, Mann., Nov. 4.—The Canadian Typothetae has begun to import printers from England to break the printers' strike, the employers being unable to get printers in Canada to take the place of the strikers. Last week 55 men left London for Canada. Printers will be sent out from England until the required number is secured.

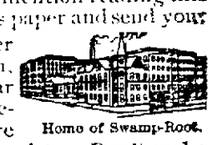
DO YOU GET UP WITH A LAME BACK?

Kidney Trouble Makes You Miserable.

Almost everybody who reads the newspapers is sure to know of the wonderful cures made by Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder remedy.

It is the great medical triumph of the nineteenth century; discovered after years of scientific research by Dr. Kilmer, the eminent kidney and bladder specialist, and is wonderfully successful in promptly curing lame back, uric acid, catarrh of the bladder and Bright's Disease, which is the worst form of kidney trouble.

Dr. Kilmer's **Swamp-Root** is not recommended for everything but if you have kidney, liver or bladder trouble it will be found just the remedy you need. It has been tested in so many ways, in hospital work and in private practice, and has proved so successful in every case that a special arrangement has been made by which all readers of this paper, who have not already tried it, may have a sample bottle sent free by mail, also a book telling more about Swamp-Root, and how to find out if you have kidney or bladder trouble. When writing mention reading this generous offer in this paper and send your address to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. The regular fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles are sold by all good druggists. Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp-Root, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y., on every bottle.



Home of Swamp-Root.

EXAMINER REMOVED.

Failed to Report Condition of Allegheny Bank.

Washington, Nov. 4.—(By Associated Press.)—The comptroller of the currency has removed from service Bank Examiner R. H. Madden, on account of his failure to discover the conditions existing in the Enterprise National bank of Allegheny, Pa.

No matter how long you have had the cough; if it hasn't already developed into consumption Dr Wood's Norway Pine Syrup will cure it.

DUN'S REVIEW OF TRADE.

Summary of Business Conditions Throughout the Country.

New York, Nov. 4.—Dun's weekly review of trade says today: Cooler weather has stimulated retail demand for seasonable merchandise improving the tone of business where there has been more or less irregularity, but reports are still somewhat mixed as to collections. Supplementary orders are coming to the primary markets for wearing apparel and in many cases shipments would show still larger gains over the same time last year if transporting facilities were better. The car shortage is an increasingly disturbing element.

Industrial conditions are little disturbed by labor controversies, although several important questions are under discussion. Thus far work is scarcely interrupted and more cases of advances in wages are reported. At the south and west the scarcity of labor retards operations, yet those sections are more prosperous than ever before, and quarantine restrictions no longer interfere in the New Orleans district.

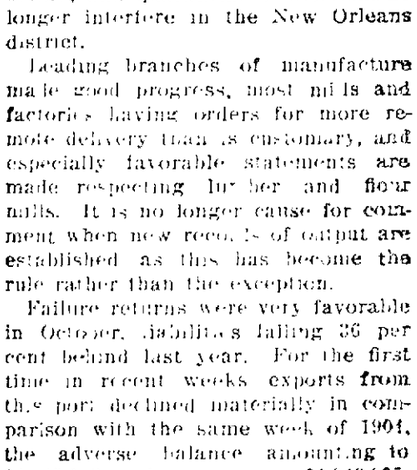
Leading branches of manufacture make good progress, most mills and factories having orders for more remote delivery than is customary, and especially favorable statements are made respecting lumber and flour mills. It is no longer cause for comment when new records of output are established as this has become the rule rather than the exception.

Failure returns were very favorable in October, liabilities falling 36 per cent behind last year. For the first time in recent weeks exports from this port declined materially in comparison with the same week of 1901, the adverse balance amounting to $4,843,103. Imports rose $1,943,025. Finished steel business is still coming forward, a large tonnage of structural shapes now pending and the situation will find little relief in the starting of several new plants because their output has already been sold far ahead.

Powers Agree to Coerce Sultan.

Paris, Nov. 4.—The exchange of communications between the powers has reached a state here where a joint naval demonstration against Turkey is practically assured unless the sultan promptly accepts the plan of the powers for reform in Macedonia.

Attack is the reaction. I never think I have hit hard unless it rebounds.—Johnson.



HOOD RUBBER CO.
TRADE MARK
NOT MADE BY A TRUST
IF YOU CANNOT GET THESE RUBBERS FROM YOUR DEALER WRITE US

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

Discovered this Week by Independent Investigators.

Peter and John Pollock, of Lorain, are visiting friends in the city.

Saturday was the first pay this season at the Pocock glass factory.

W. Fetzer has accepted a position at the pump station of the B. & O. at Columbia. This position was formerly held by Tom Morgan.

Mrs. Charles D. Russell and daughter, Miss Anne Lou Russell, of Macon, Ga., are guests at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Z. T. Shoemaker, in South East street.

The funeral of the late Mrs Elizabeth Whitmer was held from St Mary's church Saturday at 8:30 o'clock, the Rev Michael Vollmayer officiating. Interment was made in St. Mary's cemetery.

The Young Ladies' Sodality of St. Mary's church will give a social next Thursday night at the home of Mrs. George Harman on the Canton road. Lunch will be served and prizes will be awarded.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert H. Day and Miss Hunt have issued invitations for a dinner, to be followed by dancing, on Friday, November 10, at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. James H. Hunt, 199 East Main street.

The funeral of the late Mrs Magdalena Wagner was held from the late home on Akron street at 1 o'clock and from St John's church at 2 o'clock, the Rev. J. E. Digel officiating. Interment was made in the Massillon cemetery.

Superintendent C. L. Cronebaugh of the public schools caused a warrant to be sworn out Friday evening for the arrest of Jacob Bause, father of Harry Bause, who failed to attend school. Superintendent Cronebaugh says that he is determined to stop truancy in the schools.

An answer has been received to the cablegram sent to China, making inquiry as to the report of the murder of the Rev. Edward Machle, wife and child. The message, of course, gave no particulars, but stated that the Rev. Mr. Machle had escaped, but the wife and child had been killed.—Wooster Republican.

In order to act as cashier of the new bank which has been started by the Lorain Banking Company, E. M. Pierce, for twenty years general agent of the C. L. & W., and continuing in that capacity under the ownership of the Baltimore & Ohio, has decided to resign his position. No one has been mentioned as successor.

Teachers of Tuscarawas township, Stark county, will hold an institute at the Perry Greenville school, Friday afternoon and evening, December 8. A good programme of home talent has been arranged. A lecture on "Agriculture in Our Schools," will be delivered by a state speaker. All teachers and friends of education are invited to these sessions.

A telegram received Friday afternoon by Jacob Graze announced the death of his father, Christian Graze, at his home in Cochecton, N. Y., in the 71st year of his age. At 9:30 Saturday morning Jacob and George Graze, of this city, started for Cochecton to attend the funeral of their father, which will probably be held Monday. A sister, who has lived with her father for some years past, is the only other surviving relative. The deceased had for many years successfully conducted a general store in Cochecton, retiring a few years ago on account of ill health.

A SUDDEN DEATH.

Isaac Shriber, of Orrville, Fell Dead in Wooster.

Orrville, Nov. 4.—(Special.)—Isaac Shriber, aged about 70 years, a well known resident of Orrville, where he was born, reared and spent his entire life, dropped dead in the court house at Wooster at noon Saturday, while talking to a number of friends. Mr. Shriber went to Wooster Saturday at 10:30 o'clock on a business mission and had been at the court house but a short time before his sudden demise.

Mr. Shriber had always been a Democrat and had held public county offices a number of times. He was elected a county commissioner over fifty years ago and had been honored by popular votes whenever he permitted the use of his name. He is survived by his wife and four daughters. The news of his death was telephoned to his family, who were overcome by the sad tidings. The body will be brought to Orrville. The funeral will be held from the late residence but the time is not known. He was a prominent member of the Presbyterian church.

A LEG MASHED.

Serious Accident Saturday Afternoon on the W. & L. E.

William Dommer, aged 12 years, a son of J. Dommer, of Weber street, fell under the wheels of a moving Wheeling & Lake Erie train near the Pocock glass factory at 3 o'clock Saturday afternoon, and had one leg badly mangled. He was taken to Mt. Airy Hospital in John & Doll's ambulance.

Nervousness.

The Cause of Much Suffering to Women is Permanently Cured When the System is Built Up by

DR. A. W. CHASE'S NERVE PILLS

When the head aches hard and throbs; when the neck and eyes grow stiff, the face flushes or grows deadly white; when any excitement or over effort brings on an attack of nervous headache so severe that it leaves you weak, trembly, shaky and utterly worthless for days, it is a certain indication that the nervous system is shattered—that resistive power is gone—that you need a medicine that will rebuild and re-supply the lost nerve force, that will so strengthen you that you can resist and overcome these terrible seizures. Such a medicine is Dr. A W Chase's Nerve Pills, a medicine that does not relieve but goes to the root of the trouble and positively cures

Mrs. John Fall, of Fourth St., Toronto, O, says:

"I like Dr A. W Chase's Nerve Pills because they cured my nervous sick headaches—these headaches used to play me out and leave me weak and nervous, the pain being so severe. My eyes used to get stiff and sore during the attack and the neck so stiff I could hardly turn it. The Nerve Pills, however proved to be just what I needed and cured the attacks in a hurry. As a result I feel steady in nerves, physically strong and vigorous and in every way sound and well. This makes me feel I can't speak too highly of the medicine." 50 cents a box at dealers or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y. Portrait and signature of A W Chase, M. D on every package. For sale by E. S. Craig Druggist, Massillon, O

THREE PRECINCTS.

New Voting Place Near the Genoa Station.

Beginning with Tuesday's election, Perry township will have three voting places, the third being located at Genoa, east of Massillon, in Mauger's shop temporarily. By the time of the next election a voting place will be established at Reedurban, which is more centrally located in the eastern part of the township. The Massillon precinct has been divided. The Richville precinct will remain as it has been for years.

At the last election, 503 votes were cast at the Massillon precinct. The law governing the establishment of additional precincts says that the votes of a district shall be cast at two precincts when the number cast at one precinct exceeds four hundred. The township authorities received notice of the division of the Massillon precinct too late to erect a precinct at Reedurban this year and made the best of the situation by locating the voting place this election at Genoa.

HARVARD BEAT THE INDIANS.

Boston, Nov. 4.—(Special)—The Carlisle Indians, although beaten, scored eleven points on Harvard's giant team today. Harvard won, 23 11.

A Worthy Candidate

Don't Fail to Vote for and Mark Your Ballot thus for

X REV. GEORGE F CHENOT

Of Louisville, Ohio,

For State Representative

ON THE PROHIBITION TICKET.

Mr. Chenot was born and reared on a farm in the vicinity of Louisville, O., where he spent twenty-three years and proved his genuineness as a farmer. Completed his education at Heidelberg University, Tiffin, O. Spent eight successful years in the cheese business, and is now completing his ninth year in the ministry. He revived a number of congregations, remodeled and built new churches, and added 350 to the membership, making a marvelous success in his every effort. Mr. Chenot's candidacy has very strong endorsement and he is sure to receive many times the largest number of votes ever polled by any candiadte on that ticket. He is making a marked and most worthy canvass and will win if the voters of good old "Molly Stark" join hands and support him. He is surely worthy of the votes and influence of all. He speaks the English, German and French languages readily. All efforts in his behalf will be highly appreciated.

Show this to your neighbors.

BULLINGER—WILLIAMS.

Marriage in State Street Thursday Evening.

Miss Martha G. Bullinger and William P. Williams, both of this city, were married at 6 o'clock Thursday evening at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. George E. Bullinger, 198 State street. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. R. R. Bigger, pastor of the Presbyterian church, in the presence of immediate relatives. Mr. and Mrs. Williams will make their home in Massillon.

OBITUARY.

MRS. ELIZABETH WHITMER.

Mrs. Elizabeth Whitmer, aged 69 years, wife of the late John Whitmer, died Thursday evening at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Frank Arthur, in South Erie street, of Bright's disease. The deceased was born in Switzerland, but had lived in Massillon over fifty years. The funeral will be held from St. Mary's church Saturday at 8:30 o'clock. Interment will be made in St. Mary's cemetery.

COURT ASSIGNMENTS.

Owing to the Election No Sessions Will be Held Tuesday.

Canton, Nov. 3.—The court of common pleas will not be in session Tuesday owing to election. Assignments for the coming week have been made out by Deputy Clerk of Courts A. W. Agler. Both courts will be in session. The hearing of criminal actions will continue before Judge Ambler. The assignment for the week follows:

ROOM 1, JUDGE HARTER.

Monday, November 6.—Long vs Long; Forber vs Greenwald; Humphreys vs Humphreys; Bell vs Bell.

Wednesday—Shufelt vs Shufelt's administrator; Newcastle Asphalt Block Company vs Alliance et al; Doolin vs Miller; Burness vs city of Canton; Correll vs Bush.

Thursday—Massillon & Cleveland Coal Company vs Wooster Glass Company; Walker vs Canton-Akron Railway Company; Dennis and Dickey vs Pennsylvania Company; Little's administrator vs C. T. & V. railroad; Carnahan Stamping and Enameling Company vs Canton Hollow Block Company.

Friday—Ackerman vs Canton Saw Company; Haglan vs city of Canton; Strausser's administrator vs C. T. & V. railroad; Clark vs Wheeling & Lake Erie railroad; Paul vs Shraler; Cook vs Cable; Summer vs Stark Electric Railway Company.

ROOM 2, JUDGE AMBLER.

Monday, November 6—Myers vs Myers; Berkman vs Gerdon.

Wednesday—Ohio vs Quinn; Ohio vs American Steel Foundries Company; Ohio vs White; Ohio vs Attorney Urlson; Ohio vs Reed.

Thursday—Ohio vs McDonald; Ohio vs McDonald; Ohio vs McCulloch; Ohio vs Wolf; Ohio vs Ross; Ohio vs Schwing.

Friday—Ohio vs Gallo; Ohio vs Spinello; Ohio vs Berger; Ohio vs Ridner; Ohio vs Figusch.

JAIL STATISTICS.

Report of Secretary of State Board of Charities.

Columbus, Nov. 4—Secretary Shirer, of the state board of charities, has compiled the jail statistics of the state for the year which ended June 30, 1905.

During the year there were 17,293 different persons confined in the eighty-eight county jails, 349 were committed to the boys' industrial school, 69 to the girls' industrial home, 694 to the penitentiary, 438 to the state reformatory, 796 to the workhouse, 2,296 served jail sentences averaging 28 days each. There were 19 deaths and 14 escapes reported.

Of 1,302 juvenile prisoners under 16 years of age confined in the eighty-eight counties, 589 were in Cuyahoga county alone. That county also led with a total of 3,079 prisoners, while Hamilton county showed 2,211, Lucas 1,122 and Franklin 1,064.

MASSILLON MARKET.

The following are the retail prices today in Massillon. This report is corrected daily:

Country butter, per lb	26
Creamery butter	28
Eggs, per dozen	25
Chickens, spring, lb dressed	18
New Cabbage, per head	5-10
Lettuce, per lb	12
Onions, per peck	40
Potatoes, per bushel	85

Dealers Pay for Country Produce:

Country butter, per lb	20-22
Eggs, per dozen	22
Chickens, live, per lb	12
Chickens, spring, dressed	15
Chickens, dressed	14
Potatoes, per bushel	6

GRAIN MARKETS.

Following are the paying prices:

Wheat	85
Oats	32-18
Corn	55

Following are the selling prices.

Hay, baled, per hundred	60
Straw, per hundred	50
Shelled corn, per bushel	75
Oats, per bushel	35
Corn	75
Hay loose, per ton	$6-$8

It pays to try our want columns

PRICE OF COAL NOT RAISED HERE

Massillon Lump Now Higher in Cleveland.

MASSILLON PRICE IS $3.25.

The M. A. Hanna Company of Cleveland, is the Selling Agent for the Massillon Coal Mining Company.

As yet the retail coal dealers of Massillon have not received notice from the M. A. Hanna Company, of Cleveland, of an increase in the price of Massillon coal. The prices that have prevailed for several weeks are still in force. Local dealers looked for a notice of a raise several days ago similar to the increase made in Cleveland, but the making of an increase in one market is not always followed by an increase in another. An example of this was seen one year ago with respect to the Wooster market. The Massillon dealers are selling best Massillon lump for $3.25 and Massillon splint for $3 a ton, with a reduction to the purchaser for five ton lots.

Usually it is about this time of the year that an increase is made in the wholesale price and in some other years two more increases have been made during the winter. The M. A. Hanna Company is the sole selling agent for the coal mined by the Massillon Coal Mining Company, which has offices in Massillon. All of the product of the mining company is handled by the Cleveland selling agent and the local company has nothing to do with the regulation of the selling price. It is simply the producer. The present price of Massillon coal at the mines is $2.10.

The price in Cleveland was raised from $3.75 to $4 by the retail dealers this week in accordance with the increase in price made by the selling agents. The Cleveland Press contained the following concerning the market in that city:

The retail advance was the result of an advance by the Massillon coal trust. The schedule of prices announced by M. A. Hanna & Company, the sales agents of the trust in Cleveland, calls for $2.10 a ton at mine for Massillon lump.

An official of the company said that this was the fixed rate to both local and out of town retailers. He said that there would be no rebate from this figure in any locality where Massillon coal is sold.

Up to this time Cleveland retailers have been receiving a rebate of twenty cents a ton from the trust, while out of town dealers paid the card rate of $2.10. The out of town dealers have been protesting vigorously against this discrimination.

The price of hard coal has not changed, but dealers say it may go up December 1 if the car shortage continues.

MONEY WAS RETURNED.

Wayne County Clerk Violates State Law.

Wooster, Nov. 4.—What promised a political sensation reached a sudden climax Thursday afternoon when $800, alleged to have been wrongfully paid out of the county treasury, was returned. The money was ordered paid to the Canton Bridge Company by the county commissioners on October 30 and the date was changed to October 23 and a clerk issued an order.

The law requires that all bids shall not be paid until after five days, and because of this mistake the company returned the money. Attorneys for the bridge company will sue for the repayment.

MINNEAPOLIS TRAGEDY.

Woman Kills Three Children and Attempts Suicide.

Minneapolis, Nov. 4—(By Associated Press.)—Mrs. James Brennan quarreled with her husband last evening and after he went to work attempted to kill four children and herself. She shot and killed two children and wounded the other two, one of whom died later. She then shot herself in the left breast and it is believed she will die. Mrs. Brennan is the second wife of Brennan and is the stepmother of the children.

The Only Survivor

of the Hayes Arctic Expedition, Mr. S. J. McCormick, now U. S. Deputy Mineral Surveyor, Bliss Station, Idaho, says: "For years I have suffered from severe pains in the hip joint and back bone, depriving me of all power. The cause was Stone in the Bladder and Gravel in the Kidneys. After using Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy, of Rondout, N. Y., I was completely cured."

A. J. Humberger Sons Co.

Where you find the

Latest Fads and Choicest Merchandise.

New Gloves.

Biarritz Glace Mosquetaires.—Black and white, only .... ***$1.00*** per pair

Cashmere Gloves.—Fleece Lined, 2 clasps; Milanese Suede, 2 clasps; Suede Lining ..... ***75c*** pair

P. K. Street Gloves—the proper thing in kid, only ***$1.00*** per pair. They are beauties and cannot be beat for wear.

We sell all other leading makes in Kid Gloves. Castors, Modes, Grey, Browns and Blacks.

Silk Taffeta, 2 clasps; Perfect Suedes, 2 clasps; Silk Lined. . . . ***50c*** pair

Cotton Gloves, Fleece, 2 clasp, Lining .... ***50c*** pair

Electa Fleeced, 2 clasps . ***25c*** pair

Those Stylish Coats

you see worn these days by the Ladies, Misses and Children are the only kind you will find at this store. No passe or ancient styles to show you. Visit our Coat Section and see for yourself. Get our prices; they'll certainly be right and please you.

INDEPENDENT WANT COLUMNS.

Articles lost and found, houses to let or desired help wanted, situations wanted, real estate bulletins and kindred announcements are more certain to produce results if advertised under this head than by any other means. Copy must be left not later than 10 a. m. to insure insertion the same day. Three publications of not more than 4 printed lines for 25 cents

FOR RENT

BUSINESS ROOMS—One room 40x22 feet; one front office room 13x15; one office 24x8, and one 20x19, on second floor; all with heat; in new Independent building. Inquire at Independent office.

BUSINESS ROOM with residence above, cor Canal and Charles Sts., formerly occupied by E. B. Arters; rent reasonable. Inquire Artificial Ice and Coal Company.

FIVE roomed house at 215 E Oak St. All modern conveniences Inquire 60 North Summit St. Farmers phone 291.

HOUSE—Six room house at $9.00 per month Inquire Frank Stoner, 58 S. Erie St.

HOUSE—Seven room house; gas, city and cistern water. Inquire of L. Masson, No 1 Francis Ave, cor. Green St.

HOUSE—Five room house on N. High St.; gas for light and heat, city and cistern water Inquire Mrs. W. L. Butler, 106 N. High.

HOUSE—Six room house, 48 Chester St., with all modern conveniences. Inquire J. J. Evans, 38 Wooster St. Bell phone 470-W.

HOUSE—Five room house on Independence St., near steel plant. Inquire 191 E. South St.

ONE 5 room flat, 70 E. Main St., all modern conveniences; 4 room house rear of 71 Third St., $7.00 per month, suitable for small family. Inquire Dielheim's Clothing and Shoe Store.

ONE OFFICE ROOM on second floor in new Schworm block. Inquire C. Frank Schworm grocery.

ROOM—One nice large furnished room, all modern conveniences, centrally located. Inquire 298 HIGH.

ROOMS—Two furnished rooms at 126 East Tremont St.

ROOMS—4 rooms on Green St. Inquire at 148 Green St

LOST.

KEYS—Bunch of keys; name plate "Dan Zaring, Wooster O." Return to Milleronian and get reward

MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—We want you to try our Special Blend Bulk Coffee, prepared only by us at 18c per pound. Continental Tea Co., 24 W Main St. Telephone us and we will deliver. Farmers' Phone 68.

Want column ads. pay. Try it.

FOR SALE.

ABSTRACTS OF TITLE promptly and accurately made at reasonable prices. The Trump Abstract Company, Eagle Block, Canton, O.

FARM—The undersigned executor of the estate of George Williamson will sell at public sale on the premises in Lawrence township, Stark Co., O., 4 miles northwest of Massillon, on Nov. 10, 1905 at 1 o'clock, p. m., the farm of said deceased, containing 196 acres Terms and conditions made known on day of sale. S A Conrad, Executor.

HORSES—Two dapple gray mares; full sisters, 4 Norman, 8 and 9 years old; also wagon harness, &c. C. A. Weinrich, 225 N Mill st.

PIANO BARGAINS—Three used upright pianos in splendid condition. The pianos have been returned from renting and will be sold at substantial reductions Real bargains. The Klein & Heffelman Co. Canton, O

PIANO BOX buggy, newly painted; one incubator, one gas heating stove; will sell reasonable if sold at once. Call Bell 376 Y.

SECOND HAND sewing machine and bedsteads; rooms for rent suitable for business or family Inquire Dye House, 12 W. Tremont St.

SEWING MACHINES—Three Singer sewing machines, one drop head good as new will sell cheap if sold at once Singer Sewing Machine Office, 21 W Main street.

STOVE—American Beauty gas stove in good condition. Inquire P. J. Baldauf, Houston St

TICKETS—Ocean Steamship Tickets—NORTH GERMAN LLOYD, HAMBURG-AMERICAN, CUNARD, FABRE, AUSTRO-AMERICAN & PRINCE LINES Money forwarded anywhere. Warren E. Russell, 2 E. Tremont St.

WANTED

BOARDERS wanted by a German family; German cooking. Benj. Leininger 141 Green street.

MINERS—Good wages and steady work Inquire at the James Mining Co., South Cherry St, Canton, O. Car fare refunded.

REPRESENTATIVE in own community; $500 to capital required; good salary to right party; bona fide real estate proposition. Address New Martinsville Improvement Co., Wheeling or Steelton, W. Va.

YOUNG MAN 21 years of age desires a place to clerk in a grocery store; has had experience; must be steady. Address 94 State St

LEATHER POST CARDS.

Send one to your friend and help her get that collection of Leather Post Cards for making that fancy pillow she is longing to get finished.

Only 5c Each.

BAHNEY'S, - 20 E. Main St.

Now is the Time

For You to Set Up Your Stoves and Have Them Connected Up.

New Stoves, Coal Ranges from **$25.00** to **$45.00,** Gas Ranges from **$8.00** to **$20.00,** Gas Heaters from **$1 00** to **$18.00,** Coal Heaters from **$2 50** to **$18 00,** Air Tight Heaters **$19.00** up to **$30.00,** Stove Pipe, 2-inch to 7 inch. Now, people, come and see me before you buy your stoves. We can save you money on stoves. The Allen Burner put in any heating stove or cook stove. Plumbing and Gas Fitting, Pipe and Fittings for sale. Sherwin & Williams Paints and White Lead, Varnishes, Stains, Jap-a-Lac, Cream Separator Oil, Ladders, Extension Ladders, Stepladders, Chain Pumps Stock Pumps, Sink Pumps, Nails, Window Glass, Putty, Roofing Paper. A fine line of guaranteed Butcher Knives and Razors, Pocket Cutlery. Oil Cloth from **25c** to **50c** per yard, Linoleum from **90c** to **$1 25** Mantles guaranteed for 60 days, Globes, Shades, Brackets. Shot Guns from **$4 00** to **$25 00**, Shells and Cartridges, Columbia Dry Batteries, Bells, Wire and supplies. Electric Lights and Globes. Automobile Supplies, Automobile Oil No 4. General Repairing—Bicycles, Guns, Revolvers, Go-Carts. Tires put on Go-Carts. New line of Jewelry.

J. R. SMITH,

Bicycle and Hardware Store, 42 W. Main St.

MOTT'S PENNYROYAL PILLS

They overcome Weakness, irregularity and omissions, increase vigor and banish "pains of menstruation." They are "LIFE SAVERS" to girls at womanhood, aiding development of organs and body. No known remedy for women equals them. Cannot do harm—life becomes a pleasure. **$1.00 PER BOX BY MAIL. Sold by druggists.** DR. MOTT'S CHEMICAL CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®